Developmental Issues for Quick Learners Birth through Adolescence

Things to remember:

1) Temperament + Experience = Personality

(Temperament = inborn sensitivity to environment, intensity of emotional response, baseline global mood, regularity of biological cycles, attraction to or withdrawal from novel experiences—from genetic & intrauterine environmental influences)

- Memory is the way past events affect future function (Siegel, 1999, p. 24)
- > The increased probability of firing a similar pattern is how the [neural] network "remembers" (Siegel, 1999, p. 25)
- Neurons that fire together at one time will tend to fire together at other times (Hebb, 1949)

2) Prevention is much more effective and healthy than cleaning up emotional dysfunction

Erikson's Development Stage	Potential Issues	Suggestions for Teacher/Parent/Caregiver
Birth-Age 2:	Temperament manifests itself	Accommodate sensitivities to loud noise & other hyperstimulation
_	Unusually high sensitivities	Find ways to help child play/relax without sleeping if necessary
Attachment—implicit	Child sleeps little	Encourage appropriate levels of independence
encoding that the		Provide a safe environment with predictable schedule; cuddle & talk
child does not recall	Type of attachment is strongly related to	to child frequently throughout the day
but that affects all	implicit memory	Note milestones, particularly language development & critical
relationships		thinking for possible future reference; analyze differences compared
	Asynchronous Development	to norm; provide enrichment & sensory stimulation at child's ZPD
Extreme brain growth	Lack of appropriate sensory/social stimulation	Rotate toys, play different genres of music, read daily to child, play
& development	inhibits growth	recordings of stories in other languages (e.g., Chinese, German), take
		"field trips" to expose children to new environments and other
Language	Late talkers are not uncommon in gifted (but	people to develop socially
development	not overly common, either); children under-	Use correct grammar when speaking; include sophisticated words
	stand language much earlier than speaking it	Avoid stimulation with technology and TV
Age 3-Kindergarten	Evaluation of self & others begins	> Personal examination of perfectionism issues by adults; remediation if
	Perfectionism may begin	necessary; avoid telling children they are "smart" and instead
Development of Will		encourage hard work, effort & perseverance; do NOT expect
& Purpose		perfection but DO encourage independence (e.g., dressing)
,	May delay toilet training consciously	See Perfectionism handout
	May be "shown off" in social situations	Avoid undue pressure on young children, especially if they are shy

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	Teacher may not recognize child's skill levels	All adults in the child's life should communicate frequently regarding
	Lack of challenge	developmental progress (or lack of) in all areas of development
	Last of according to the state of	Provide enrichment, encourage curiosity, answer child's questions
	Lack of opportunity for enrichment	with accurate information in language that child can understand
		Children who perceive themselves as very different from others their
		assigned gender may be feeling uncomfortable or may be very
	Gender identity begins	assertive about their feelings & wishes to wear different clothing, etc.;
		support them and avoid jokes about gender non-conforming
	Frequently high energy perceived as ADHD—	individuals & groups
	many times a misdiagnosis for	Find ways for child to be active in positive ways, ensuring that s/he
	gifted/advanced learners, especially boys	eats/drinks enough and regularly to sustain high energy needs to
		avoid "energy crashes" and angry outbursts when hungry
	Early Entrance to Kindergarten	 Research shows positive growth for those ready, including boys; avoid
	Development a "feeling vocabulary"	"redshirting" boys for kindergarten (Kerr & Cohn, 2001)
	Development a reening vocabulary	 Model using words to describe your feelings, including anger,
		disappointment, frustration, contentment, happiness, etc. Encourage
		them to use such words and describe their feelings regularly
	Sex-role stereotyping	 Expose children to various jobs without stereotyping; include various
	Sex-Tole stereotyping	cultures, ethnicities, etc.; be alert to stereotyping on TV, games, etc.
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Elementary School:	Lack of academic challenge acting out Lack of opportunity for enrichment turning	For Grouping & acceleration work; use them to promote cognitive growth
		and social growth with like-minded peers; agemate grouping does not
Industry vs.	Slow pace of curriculum off	work well for highly advanced children, especially in Math & LA
Inferiority		Allow children to read quietly until others are done
		Provide activities/work that require effort & critical thinking
		Watch for withdrawal, boredom; provide more stimulating activities
Competence in		(girls, especially, may not complain, but some boys also will not
School, Sports,	Perfectionism may increase; potential for OCD	 Perfectionism may increase; potential for OCD
Friendships		 See Perfectionism handout (attached)
	Isolation—feeling "different" from peers	Not unusual for advanced learners to develop friendships with older
	Bullying	students or students of opposite gender; encourage friendships
		Use a Sociogram in your class to determine existing relationships and
		give insight to promoting positive friendships for "outsiders"
		Provide Zero Tolerance for bullying at school & home; educate about
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	If learning disabilities, high intelligence may mask abilities	 bullying; communicate with children about their social (and antisocial) relationships frequently; use Bibliotherapy as possible support (My Secret Bully, Some of My Best Friends are Books, etc.) Import & export children if necessary to encourage relationship building with like-minded peers (robotics, chess, drama, playdates) Friendships may be few but intense, especially for girls Unconditional acceptance of students, even if they are not like others Significant disparities in test scores or performance may be indicative of learning disability; have student tested by psychologist; investigate materials and develop supports for 2E (Twice Exceptional) learners
	Gender non-conforming face issues in schools	 Bibliotherapy may be helpful for 2E & gender non-conformance School restroom & sports issues for transgender students
	Career investigation	 Provide books that portray men & women in various career roles & that do not use sex stereotypes Provide mechanical items, math puzzles, & opportunity for adventure and novelty to boys and girls Provide engaging speakers from different professions/careers Provide sex education early on
Middle School:	Identity formation is a major issue Pressure to conform is intense & persistent;	Allow students to experiment with various identity models while still providing unconditional love & respect; continue support to
Identity vs. Role	being different can cause isolation, bullying,	encourage sense of personal worth, independence & integrity
Confusion (ages 13- 19)	lack of self-esteem causing possible depression/anxiety	 Students of color, LGBTQ, 2E students, etc. need extra support Encourage self-actualizing efforts at school, listen carefully, offer gentle advice when appropriate Critical for girls to get positive attention & feedback from fathers
	Career investigation/exploration continues; multipotentiality develops	 Provide bright high school/ college student/grads to discuss issues they dealt with in making decisions regarding school, friends, careers Encourage career exploration through biographies, adult friends of the family, "take your child to work" days, etc. Talk to boys & girls re: "falling in love with an idea" to support career development
	Perfectionism continues; increased potential	> Confront teen with your concern; get professional help for adolescent

	for eating disorders and procrastination	 Use bibliotherapy & videography to support students Provide activities/work that is challenging and requires effort & critical thinking
High School: Identity vs. Role Confusion (ages 13-19)	Identity formation continues Multipotentiality may confuse vocational preparation	 Provide rites of passage into manhood/womanhood Provide sensitive, respectful emotionally deep role models for teens Encourage girls to take science & math to increase career options later in life Support & encourage interest in academics & careers, especially when student initiates interest Accompany teen to workshops, fairs, etc. for college planning, financial aid, etc. Help teen seek out one or more mentors to explore careers Help student prioritize interests & activities to avoid sleep deprivation and poor nutrition Provide assignments that are interesting, challenging and require effort & critical thinking
	Perfectionism increases potential for eating disorders and body dysmorphia, academic procrastination	> Help teen get professional help; support them emotionally
	Substance abuse may begin as an effort to self-medicate for boredom, anxiety, depression	Familiarize yourself with characteristics of bipolar disorder, depression & existential depression; be ready to seek help if you observe these in students, especially in young men
	Suicide more common for gifted males who have been/are: abused, reluctant to seek help, isolated, gay or bisexual, dealing with mood disorders	Do not be afraid to confront teen about potential suicidal thought or plans; seek professional help immediately; learn behaviors common to suicide
	Pregnancy and early childbirth & marriage can disrupt career and life potential	 Re: romantic relationships—encourage teen to seek those in which both parties can hear and be heard, are respected & valued Provide prophylactics and medical exams as appropriate